

As a result of the far - sighted policies of the State Government, Haryana is set to become a front - runner in all spheres of development in the country

Connectivity connects investment

Haryana is a key constituent of the Delhi Mumbai Industrial

Corridor (DMIC) Project initiative, which covers nearly 66 per

cent of the total area of the state, including the Sonipat region.

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up at Kundli-Sonipat.

cnnectivity holds the key to growth of any belt and acts as a magnet for attracting investment. Creation of a world-class infrastructure has been top priority of the Haryana Government. Constant and consistent efforts are being made to improve connectivity, ensure adequate power supply, water supply and provide effective logistics support to industry.

support to industry.

"We have already brought the metro to Gurgaon. Work on the metro project for Faridabad is in progress, Foundation of Bahadurgarh link has also been laid. Study has also been initiated for a Rapid Rail Corridor between

Delhi-Sonipat-Panipat. Our other initiatives include upgradation of national and state highways, new inter-city connectivities, intra-city transport etc", the Chief Mnister, Mr Bhupinder Singh Hoods said.

Haryana is a key constituent of the Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor (DMIC) Project initiative, which covers nearly 66 per cent of the total area of the state, including the Scripat region. Under this project initiative, an Investment Region would be set up at Kundli-Sonipat.

The Kundli-Rai area, situated along the NH-1 axis, is set to grow as a highly preferred investment destination with the completion of the Delhi Western Peripheral Expressway, or Kundli Manesar Palwal (KMP) Expressway Project. The 135-km-long, four-lane expressway will provide seamless connectivity across NH-1, NH-2, NH-8 and NH-10 passing through Haryana without travelling through the National Capital of Delhi.

Travel and access between Kundli-Rai (NH-1), Behdurgah-Rohtak (NH-10), Gurgaon-Manesar (NH-8), and Faridabad-Palwal (NH-2) is going to be measured in time rather than in kilometres. Various theme hubs like Twelve specialised hubs, including education city, Sampla township, cyber city, bio-sciences city, Jahangirpuri-badli township, fashion city, entertainment city, world trade city, dry port city, leather city and leisure city would be developed along the KMP Expressway.

Leisure Hub, Sports Hub, Media Hub, Fashion Hidb, Bioscience Hub, Entertainment Hub, Worldtrade Hub and



Leather Hub are planned to be developed along the KMP Expressway.

Expressway.

The KMP Expressway will act as a Delhi bypass for the traffic coming from north Delhi on NH-1 and going to south Delhi on NH-8. The expressway crosses four national highways, seven state highways and four major district roads. The total cost of this project is Rs 2,310 crore approximately.

The expressway has been divided into three sections of 45 km each. Flyovers are being constructed at places where the expressway crosses national highways. The expressway connects Kundli (Sonipat) on NH-1, Bahadurgarh (Jhajjar) on NH-10, Manesar on NH-8 and Palwal on NH-2. The project's scope of work includes the construction of 220 major structures, including bridges, grade separators and underpasses. Sixteen overpasses and underpasses at crossings on state highways and major district roads; seven overpasses, nine underpasses and 27 underpasses at crossings on village roads; 33 agricultural vehicular

crossing passages; 61
pedestrian crossing passages;
four railway over bridges; 18
major and minor bridges;
cross drainage works (culverts)
at 292 locations; two truck
parking spaces and four bus
bays will also be constructed.

The project will provide smooth and quick transportation of surplus food grains, milk products, fruits and vegetables from Haryana, Punjab, Himachal Pradesh and Kashmir to other parts of the country, it will also provide faster access to the international airport to vehicles coming from northern parts of the country, reduce the traffic bottlenecks in Delhi and provide better road connectivity. The construction work is in progress.

A global corridor along the KMP Expressway will be constructed to set up sectorspecific theme parks as well as sub-cities to ensure systematic economic development along the highway. The expressway, which is 100 metre wide, will have 100-metre-wide green belt on both sides of the road, with a 50-metre-wide Orbital Pail Corridor towards Delhi. The DMIC would open up

Rail Corridor towards Delhi.

The DMIC would open up new opportunities of investment and growth in the state. It is one of the largest infrastructure projects undertaken in India entailing an investment of USD 90 billion (Rs 4,32,000 crore) with financial and technical aids from Japan, covering an overall length of about 1,500 km between the political capital and the business capital of



KUNDLI MANESAR PALWAL XPRESSWAY ROUTE INFORMATIO

LENGTH: 135.6 km (84.3 ml)

MAJOR JUNCTIONS North end: Kundli on NH 1, 5km north of Delhiborder NH 10, 5km northwest of

RAHADURGARH

Badli village 3 km west of Dethi border on Gurgaon-Jhajjar road Just nast of Farrukhnagar on Gurgaon-Farrukhnagar road Northwest corner of IMT Manesar on SH 26

(Gurgaon-Palaudi-Rewari state highway)

Pachgaon village on NH 8, 5 km southwest of National Security Guard campus, Manesar 4 km east of Tabru town on NH 71 B 10 km south of Sobre on SH 13

10 km south of Sohna on SH 13 (Gergaon-Schna-Nuh-Alwar state highway) SOUTH END: 5 km south of Palwal on NH 2 or about 40 km south of Delhi border

LOCATION

STATE: HARYANA MAJOR CITIES:

Sonipat (Kundi), Gurgaon, Palwal

India, i.e. Delhi and Mumbai. It is an ambilious project aimed at developing an industrial zone spanning across six states in India.

1500 KM Frieght Corridor

A NUCLEUS OF HIGHER LEARNING

ducation, and particularly higher salucation, is vital for the growth of industry. Until and unless skilled workforce is there, industry cannot progress. Knowing this full well, the Haryana Government, led by the Chief Minister, Mr Bhupinder Singh Hooda, is giving top priority to higher education in the state. It is also making efforts to tallor higher education to the needs of the industry.

Haryana has taken extensive steps in the direction of imparting quality higher education to produce such students who are able to take the global challenges. With a focus on excellence, the state government has also been laying emphasis on expansion of institutions of higher learning.

Sonipet is emerging as a hub of higher education in Haryana. A number of higher learning institutions have been set up in the district in the last eight years. This has made it the first choice of youngsters for education.

The Rajiv Gandhi Education City (RGEC) at Kundi in Sonipat where world class educational institutions are being set up bears testimony to the above fact, Being developed on the pattern of Oxford University, RGEC is envisaged as

a hub for higher learning and a centre for research in cutting edge technologies such as nanotechnology, biotechnology, genetics engineering and medicines etc. Sites for educational institutions with sizes ranging from 1 acre to 131 acres have been provided to meet varied requirements.

RGEC has a locational advantage as it is situated on NH 1, at a drive of about 10 minutes from the national capital Dehi. Setting up of premier institutions in this City promises to catapult the state into the focal point of higher education studies.

Land measuring 2,007.60 acres was acquired for setting up of the City. The total investment in land and development of campuses is estimated to be to the tune of Rs 1,500 crores. The university campus is being designed by American architect, Perkins Eastman, who has worked on leading educational campuses around the world, Indian School of Business, Hyderabad was also established by this institution.

Til date, 12 sponsoring bodies, including National Law University and IIT Delhi for its extension campus, have Till date, 12 sponsoring bodies, including National Law University and IIT Delhi for its extension campus, have been allotted educational plots in RGEC. Allotment of land to ITDC is also being considered for setting up a Tourism University.

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Foundation stones of 10 institutions have been laid. These institutes include the Bharti Vidyapoeth University, Pune, Ashoka University, Asian Education Society Soyine Business School, Foundation for Organisation Research and Education (FORE) School of Management, Manay Rachna International University, N.C. College of Engineering and Research, Hindu School of Architecture, RIMIT Technical Campus, Shi Balwant Rai Institute of Technology and Research and SRM University number 3.

Ashoka University would be set up in collaboration with the School of Engineering and Applied Sciences, University of Pennsylvania, the oldest and prestigious university of USA, where students could get education of the level of Harvard, Stanford, Oxford and Cambridge. The university with a capacity of 4,000 students would start

operations in 2014. Skyline Education Group would set up a business school on four acres of land. This institute would offer special courses in business management subjects like international business, marketing, information systems, tourism, human resource management and insurance. Manay Rachna University, being set up under the Haryana Private Universities Act, 2006, would provide lacuity of medicine, engineering, technology and management studies.

FORE School of Management would be developed over an area of 7.38

SRM University would be set up by South Indian SRM Group of Institute. Equipped with modern facilities, the university would offer courses in medical, dental, pharmacy, nursing, engineering, technology and management. A medical hospital would also be established in the

The Schipat Hindu Educational and Charitable Society would set up Hindu School of Architecture: RIMT Technical Campus would offer technical and management courses.

The NC Group of Institute would set up NC College of Engineering and Research. This institute has up to 90 per cent placement of students. Shri Balwant Institute of Technology is affiliated to the Deenbanchu Chottu Ram University of Science and Technology, Murthal, and would offer post graduate courses in management and engineering.

Bharti Vidyapeeth University, Pune, would also set up its campus in the Education City. It has 29 constituent units under its umbrella with diverse.

disciplines. The state government is also establishing the National Law University in RGEC. It will be a state-funded university and will be raised with government grant of approximately Fis 119 crore. Empowering women and making them educated and self-reliant has always been one of the prime concerns of the state government. The Bhagat Phool Singh Mahla Vishwavidyalaya, Khanpur Kalan at Sonipat is the first women university in the north India, which is providing world class education in all streams up to the level of PhD. Presently about 6,700 girls are getting

education in the university.
Further, O P Jindal Global
University in Sonlpat, which is
established under the Haryana Private
Universities Act, 2006, has earned a
niche for itself in the national and
international academic circles by
providing best of infrastructure and
education. The Deen Bandhu Chhotu
Ram University of Science and
Technology at Murthal is providing
quality technical education to the
students desirous of pursuing
engineering and other sciences.

